[HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA.]

REGINALD MITCHELL

APPELLANT:

AND

BERNARD JOSEPH BROWN

RESPONDENT.

ON APPEAL FROM THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

H. C. of A. 1909.

Dec. 14, 16.

Griffith C.J., O'Connor and Isaacs JJ. APPEAL, by the plaintiff, by special leave, from the decision of the Supreme Court: Mitchell v. Brown (1), where the facts are stated. A motion was taken out by the defendant to rescind the special leave.

The defendant was tenant to the plaintiff of a house under a lease purporting to be made under the Landlord and Tenant Act 1899, No. 18. During the currency of the lease the house was destroyed by fire. The lease contained a covenant by the defendant "to leave the premises in good repair reasonable wear and tear excepted." The defendant refused to rebuild the house, and the plaintiff sued him for the price, and obtained a verdict This verdict was set aside by the Supreme Court and a verdict entered for the defendant. The question in dispute was the construction of the above-mentioned covenant as read in conjunction with the provisions of the Landlord and Tenant Act.

Loxton and Hammond, for the appellant.

Flannery, for the respondent.

THE COURT held that no important point of law was involved in the appeal, as the decision of the Court would only apply to (1) 9 S.R. (N.S.W.), 539; 26 W.N. (N.S.W.), 104.

the construction of the particular document in question in this case. The special leave was therefore rescinded, and the appeal dismissed with costs.

H. C. of A.
1910.

MITCHELL

v.

BROWN.

Appeal dismissed.

Solicitors, for the appellant, Hooke & Mein, Dungog, by Bowman & Mackenzie.

Solicitors, for the respondent, Logan & Carlton, West Maitland, by Sly & Russell.

C. E. W.







[HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA.]

AND

THE PROGRESS ADVERTISING AND PRESS
AGENCY COMPANY PROPRIETARY
LIMITED . DEFENDANTS.

Post and Telegraph Act 1901 (No. 12 of 1901), sec. 97—Telephone—Regulations— Prohibition of publication of telephone lists.

H. C. of A. 1910.

Regulation 126A of the Telephone Regulations (Statutory Rules 1908, No. 87), imposes a penalty on any person who, without the authority of the Postmaster-General or of the Deputy Postmaster-General of a State, prints, publishes or circulates, or authorizes the printing, publishing, or circulation of, any list of all or any of the subscribers connected with any telephone exchange, and provides that all lists published in contravention of the Regulation shall be forfeited to the Postmaster-General and shall on demand in writing be delivered up to him.

Melbourne,
June 1, 6.

Griffith C.J., O'Connor, Isaacs and Higgins JJ.

Held, that the Regulation is not authorized by sec. 97 (r) of the Post and Telegraph Act 1901 and is ultrâ vires the Governor-General.

Held, also, that the Act confers no exclusive right on the Postmaster-General to print or publish such lists.

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